

ACC313, high/low selector

This will accept up to five process voltage or current sources, which need not necessarily be of the same type but do share a common 0V.

The output span may be configured to be proportional to either the highest or lowest of these inputs; selection being by on-board link.

Input and output wiring is shown to the right. For supply wiring, please turn to page ten.

INPUT/OUTPUT WIRING

Input 1 +	1	TB1
Input 1 -	2	
Screen	3	

Input 2 +	1	TB2
Input 2 -	2	
Screen	3	

Input 3 +	12	TB3
Input 3 -	11	
Screen	10	
Input 4 +	9	
Input 4 -	8	
Screen	7	
Input 5 +	6	
Input 5 -	5	
Screen	4	
Output +	3	
Output -	2	
Screen	1	

Warranty and service

All Amelec products are guaranteed for ten years against faulty components or manufacture but not against misuse.

To claim under this warranty, equipment should be returned, carriage paid by the customer, to Amelec Instruments, Cochran Close, Crownhill, Milton Keynes, MK8 0AJ, together with details of the fault.

Attempted repairs or component replacement during the warranty period may render the warranty null and void, unless authorised by Amelec.

Amelec will undertake any repairs and will also supply replacement printed circuit board assemblies on an exchange price basis. Please contact the Technical Sales Department for further details.

Where the reported fault is a site problem, Amelec will make their own technical staff available to offer assistance. This service will be charged to the customer at the rate currently in force.

Ordering

When ordering, please give the following details:-

1. Model number
2. Supply voltage and frequency
3. Mounting - Surface, Panel, Single end access or Rack
4. Input span, output span, offset and source
5. Open circuit response - If not specified, default is upscale for thermocouple, millivolt and resistance input units, downscale for process
6. Relay status and mode - If not specified, default is normally energised and single trips are set to Hi, double trips to Hi/Lo. LEDs are lit when relays are energised
7. Any options required
8. Information appropriate to any options ordered

Mounting and wiring

All the units in the range are supplied in an Anodised or Achromed extruded aluminium enclosure which may be surface or panel mounting, single end access or 7 way 19" rack. Alternatively, some 2-wire transmitters are supplied in a diecast or plastic IP65 enclosure.

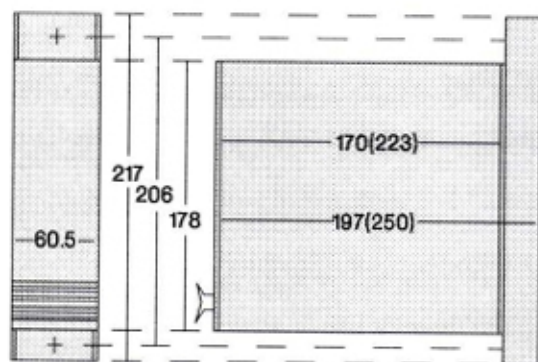
When a unit is fitted into an enclosure, the edge connector at the rear of the main printed circuit board mates with a socket which is wired to the terminal blocks. The unit is retained in the enclosure by two M3 screws which pass through countersunk holes in the front panel and into tapped holes at the front of the enclosure.

The 'U' channel terminal cover is supplied in two sizes to suit different mounting requirements. For surface mounting units, the 217mm length is supplied and includes the fixing holes. For panel, single end access or rack mounting, the 178mm length is supplied but only when options 'K' or 'EXI' are specified. When supplied, they must be replaced after wiring.

Units may be mounted at any orientation although they would normally be mounted with the front panel vertical. Surface or single end access units should not be mounted closer than 61mm horizontally or 218mm vertically. Panel units should not be mounted closer than 70mm horizontally or 234mm vertically and racks should not be mounted closer than 485mm horizontally or 189mm vertically. All types would normally be mounted further apart than this to ease wiring. At least 180mm must be left at the front of all enclosures to allow for unit withdrawal.

In the following drawings, all dimensions are in mm. Figures in brackets show the added depth of the 'K' enclosures to house the RFI protection components.

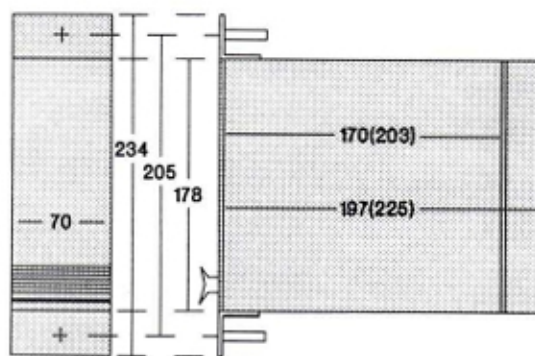
Surface mounting



Before wiring, the unit must be withdrawn from the case, which may then be removed from the 'U' channel by undoing the M4 screw at the top rear of the case, hinging the case downwards and unhooking it from the fixed peg at the lower rear of the case. This exposes the terminal blocks for wiring.

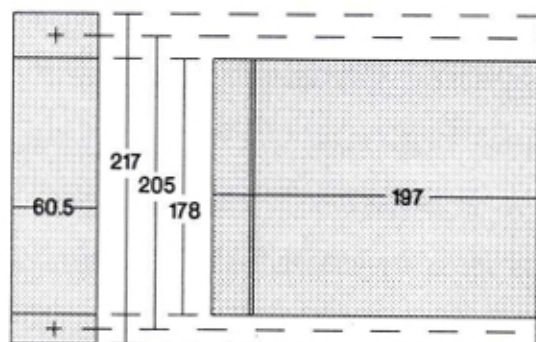
Slots are provided in the terminal plate which allow cables to be passed along the 'U' channel, through the slots and into the terminal blocks. After wiring, the enclosure may be reassembled by reversing these instructions.

Panel mounting



A 65mm wide by 190mm high aperture must be cut in the front panel with 6mm fixing holes above and below. The brackets and front panel are wider than the aperture to obscure any cut edges.

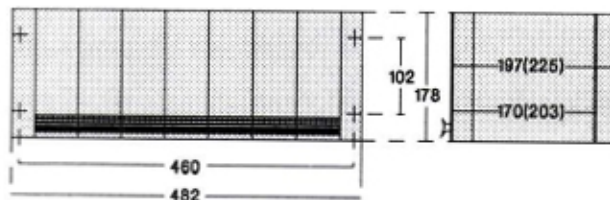
Single end access



This enclosure is not recommended for use with option 'K'

In this arrangement the terminal blocks are mounted on the front panel, although the enclosure is surface mounted. Since the terminals are on the removable part of the unit, allowance must be made, when wiring, to allow for unit withdrawal without disturbing the wiring to adjacent units or the main loom.

19" Rack mounting



Up to seven units may be mounted in a 19" rack, although other widths may be supplied to suit special requirements.

The rack is normally supplied with fixing brackets to suit panel mounting (as shown above) but may also be supplied for single end access if required.

A 179mm high by 440mm wide aperture must be cut in the panel with fixing holes on 102mm by 460mm centres.

Mounting and wiring

WIRING

Input, output and supply connections are made via leaf type terminal blocks which are mounted on the front of single end access enclosures and at the rear on all other 'A' series types. These terminal blocks will accept cables up to 2.5mm².

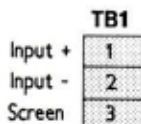
On most enclosures, other than panel mount, the terminals are separated into two groups by an earthed barrier which is part of the terminal mounting plate.

This barrier, together with the 'U' section terminal cover, ensures that input cables must enter from the top of the unit and supply/output cables from below. This helps meet the requirements of 'N' protection for intrinsically safe installations.

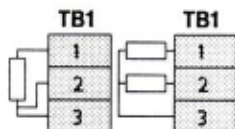
Input wiring

In many cases, particularly with multiple input units, input wiring details are given in the individual instrument specification sheets. However, many units are specified for single input from process, millivolt, RTD or thermocouple sources. Details of all types of connector are given below.

Thermocouple, millivolts, process.

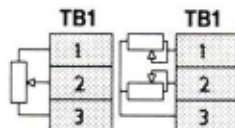


Resistance temperature sensor (RTD)



The above drawing shows the alternative wiring for single and differential input.

Slidewire or potentiometer



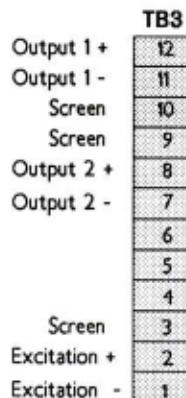
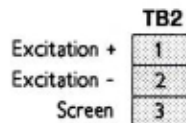
The above drawing shows the alternative wiring for single and differential input.

Input access

No matter what type of mounting is used, input wiring access is almost invariably from the left and this convention has been followed on the input drawings.

Output/excitation wiring

Where output wiring is specific to a particular product, wiring details are given in the individual instrument specification sheets. Standard output wiring is shown below.



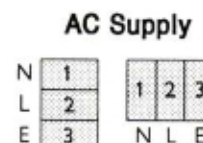
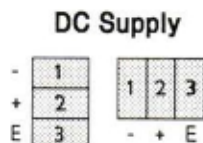
The second output shown above is available only if specified at time of order.

When option 'M' is specified, the excitation output may appear at either of the two alternative positions shown above.

Output access

For panel, single end access or rack mounting units, output wiring access is from the right. For surface mounting units, wiring access is from the left, as shown above.

Supply wiring



Supply access

For panel, single end access or rack mounting units, output wiring access is from below. For surface mounting units, wiring access is from the left.